

SKAA 1213 - Engineering Mechanics

TOPIC 8

Centre of Gravity & Centroid

Lecturers:

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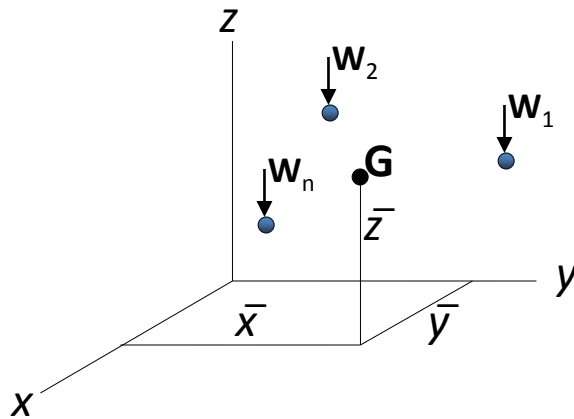
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Centre of Gravity & Centre of Mass

Centre of Gravity: a point where the resultant weight of the system of particles act.



$\bar{x}, \bar{y}, \bar{z}$ Coordinates of the centre of gravity G of the system of particles

$\tilde{x}, \tilde{y}, \tilde{z}$ Coordinates of each particle in the system of particles

ΣW The resultant sum of the weights of all the particles in the system

Formulas :

Centre of Gravity

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum \tilde{x}W}{\sum W} \quad \bar{y} = \frac{\sum \tilde{y}W}{\sum W} \quad \bar{z} = \frac{\sum \tilde{z}W}{\sum W}$$

Centre of Mass

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum \tilde{x}m}{\sum m} \quad \bar{y} = \frac{\sum \tilde{y}m}{\sum m} \quad \bar{z} = \frac{\sum \tilde{z}m}{\sum m}$$

Rigid Body - Centre of Gravity and Centre of Mass & Centroid
 - composed of an infinite number of particles.

Centre of Gravity

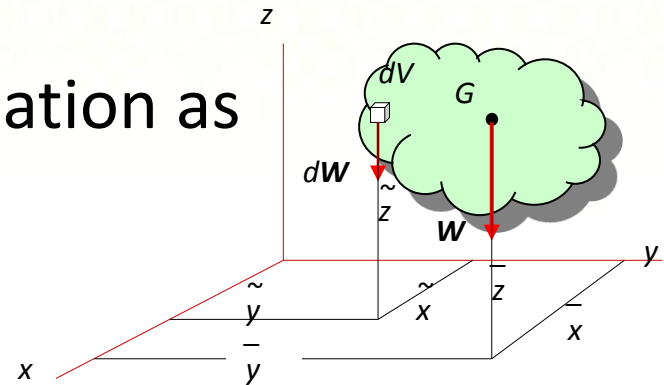
Apply the integration instead of summation as similar to the system of particles.

For an arbitrary particle at $(\tilde{x}, \tilde{y}, \tilde{z})$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\int \tilde{x} dW}{\int W} \quad \bar{y} = \frac{\int \tilde{y} dW}{\int W} \quad \bar{z} = \frac{\int \tilde{z} dW}{\int W}$$

Replacing dW with γdV

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\int_v \tilde{x} \gamma dV}{\int_v \gamma dV} \quad \bar{y} = \frac{\int_v \tilde{y} \gamma dV}{\int_v \gamma dV} \quad \bar{z} = \frac{\int_v \tilde{z} \gamma dV}{\int_v \gamma dV}$$



where γ = specific weight

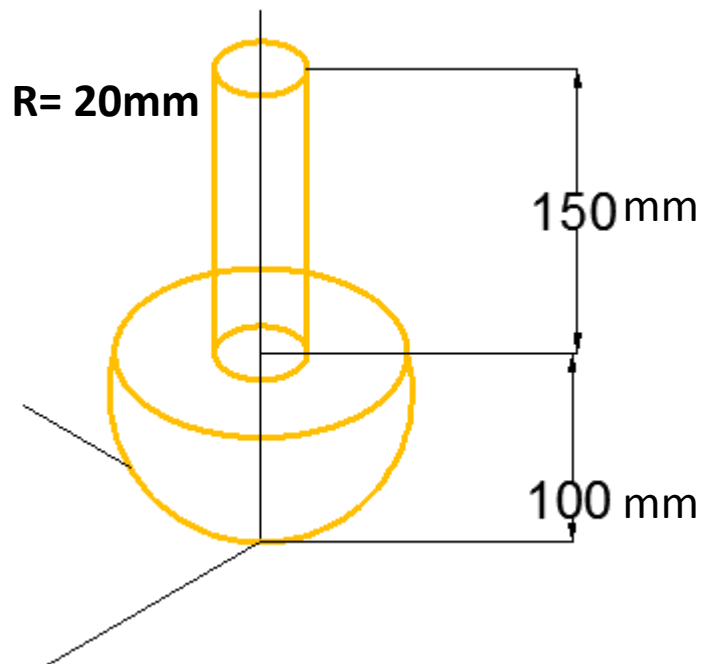
Centre of Mass

Replace γ with ρ in the above equation, since $\gamma = \rho g$.

Example 1

Locate the centre of mass of the composite assembly shown. The cylinder has a density of $\rho_C=8000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, and the hemisphere $\rho_H=5000 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

[Answer : $\bar{x} = \bar{y} = 0$, $\bar{z} = 0.0766 \text{ m}$]



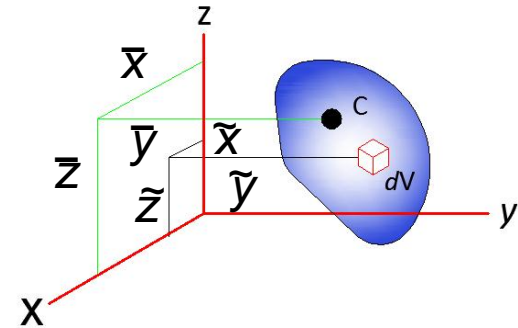
Centroid

Definition: a point which defines the **geometric centre** of an object.

Equations: Similar to those of the centre of gravity/mass if the material is homogeneous where the specific weight / density is constant.

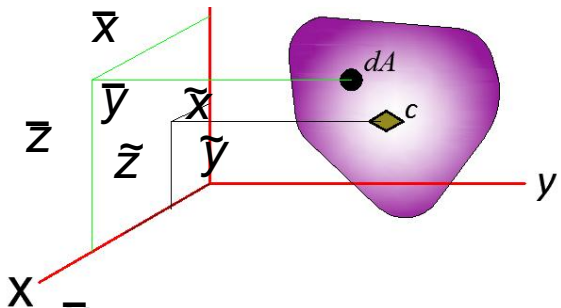
Volume

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\int_V \bar{x} dV}{\int_V dV} \quad \bar{y} = \frac{\int_V \bar{y} dV}{\int_V dV} \quad \bar{z} = \frac{\int_V \bar{z} dV}{\int_V dV}$$



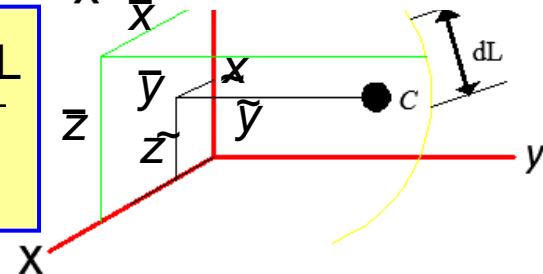
Area

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\int_A \bar{x} dA}{\int_A dA} \quad \bar{y} = \frac{\int_A \bar{y} dA}{\int_A dA} \quad \bar{z} = \frac{\int_A \bar{z} dA}{\int_A dA}$$



Line

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\int_L \bar{x} dL}{\int_L dL} \quad \bar{y} = \frac{\int_L \bar{y} dL}{\int_L dL} \quad \bar{z} = \frac{\int_L \bar{z} dL}{\int_L dL}$$



Composite Bodies

- A composite body is made up of a series of connected simpler shaped bodies
- Each of the composite part is treated as a particle
- Useful when weight and the location of the centre of gravity of each of these parts is given to avoid long process of integration.

Formula :

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum xW}{\sum W} \quad \bar{y} = \frac{\sum yW}{\sum W} \quad \bar{z} = \frac{\sum zW}{\sum W}$$

\bar{x} , \bar{y} , \bar{z} Coordinates of the centre of gravity G of the system of the composite body

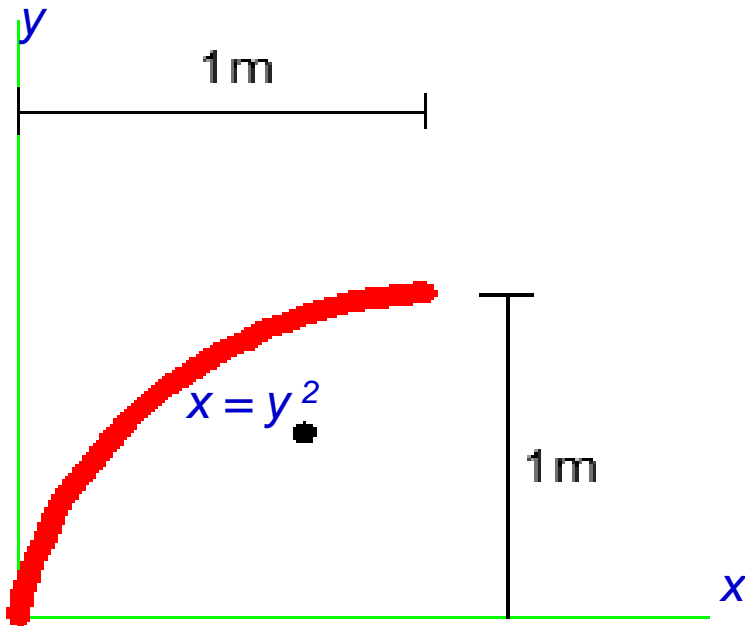
\tilde{x} , \tilde{y} , \tilde{z} Coordinates of each particle in the system of each of the composite part of the body

$\sum W$ The resultant sum of the weights of all the composite parts in the body/the total weight of the body

Example 2

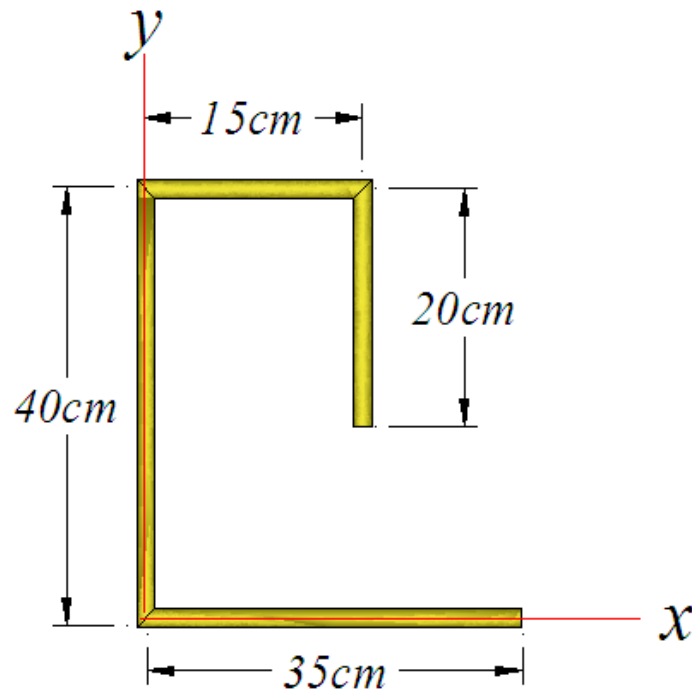
Locate the centroid of the rod bent into a parabolic arc as shown.

[Answer : $y = 0.574m$, $x = 0.410m$]



Example 3

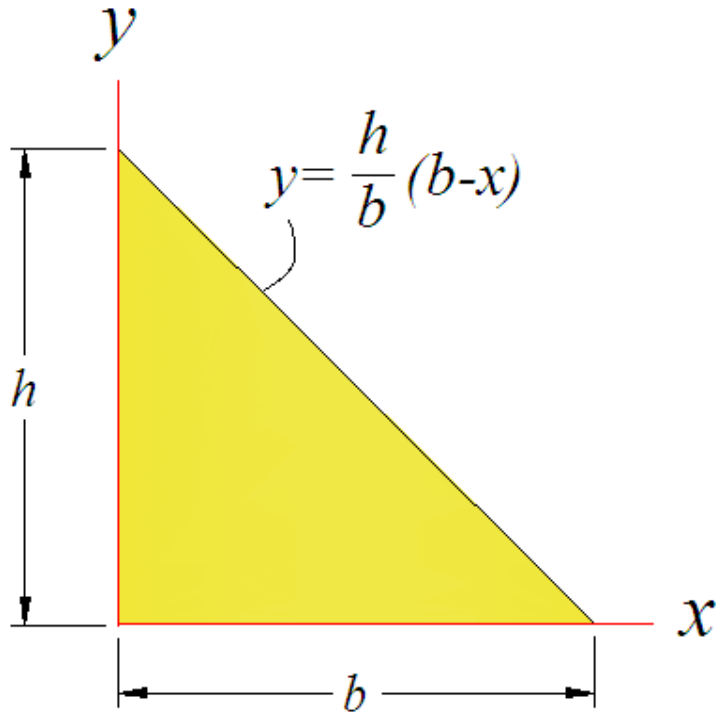
Determine the location of the centroid of rod.



[Answer : $\bar{X} = 9.32\text{cm}$, $\bar{y} = 18.18\text{cm}$]

Example 4

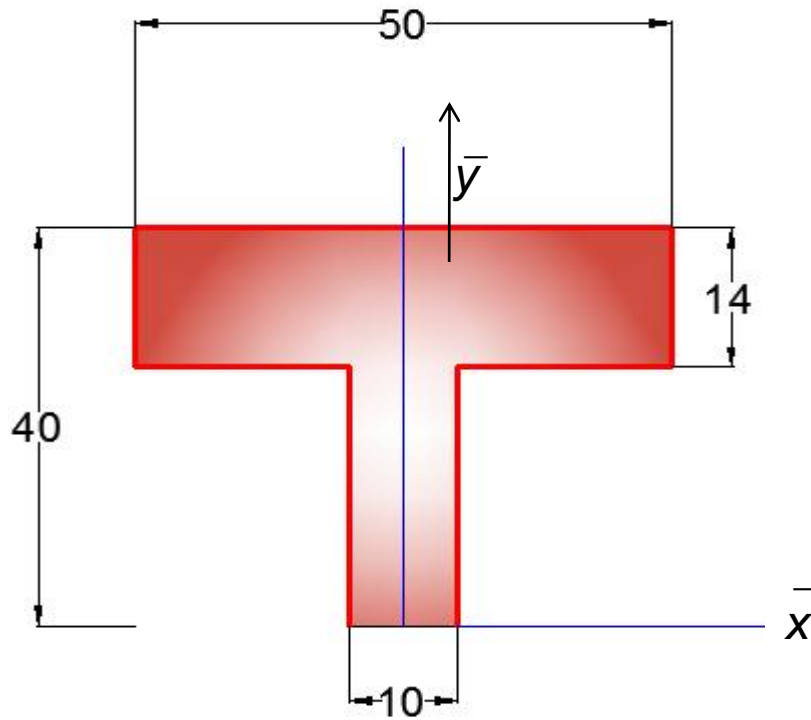
Determine the distance \tilde{y} , the distance from the centroid to the x axis. [Answer: $\tilde{y} = \frac{h}{3}$]



Example 5

Determine the location of the centroid of the T-section beam. Dimensions in cm.

[Answer : $\bar{y} = 27.58 \text{ cm}$, $\bar{x} = 0 \text{ cm}$]



Example 6

Compute the centroid of the plate as shown below with all the dimensions in m.

[Answer : $\bar{Y} = 1.76 \text{ m}$, $\bar{X} = 1.32 \text{ m}$]

