## BIO-ORGANIC CHEMISTRY (Organic Chemistry for Biology Students) (SQBS 1603)

## Other Organic Compounds

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## Other Functional Groups

- Alkyl halides
- Organic molecules containing halogen atom
- $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{Cl}, \mathrm{Br}$ and I
- Organic compounds that contain sulfur (S)
- Thiol group: Sulfhydryl group
- Disulfide Bridge
- Organic compounds that contain fosforus (P)
- Phosphate


## Alkyl Halides



| $C e^{58}$ | $\mathrm{Pr}^{59}$ | $\mathrm{Nd}^{60}$ | Pm ${ }_{6}^{61}$ | $\mathrm{Sm}^{62}$ | $E u^{63}$ | $\mathrm{Gd}^{64}$ | Tb ${ }^{65}$ | Dy ${ }^{66}$ | $\mathrm{Ho}^{67}$ | $\mathrm{Er}^{68}$ | Tm ${ }^{69}$ | Yb ${ }^{70}$ | $\mathrm{Lu}^{71}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Th ${ }^{90}$ | $\mathrm{Pa}^{91}$ | $U^{92}$ | $\mathrm{Np}{ }^{93}$ | $\mathrm{Pu}^{94}$ | $\mathrm{Am}^{95}$ | $\mathrm{Cm}^{96}$ | $B k^{97}$ | $\mathrm{Cf}^{98}$ | $\mathrm{Es}^{99}$ | $\mathrm{Fm}^{100}$ | $\mathrm{Md}^{101}$ | $\begin{aligned} & { }^{102} \\ & \text { No } \end{aligned}$ | $L^{103}$ |

## Alkyl Halides

- Classification



## Naming Alkyl Halides

- Give the IUPAC name of the following alkyl halide



## 7 C's : heptane



## 2-chloro-5-methylheptane

## Halogenation

- The addition of halogen $\left(\mathrm{X}_{2}\right)$ to an alkene



## Hydrohalogenation

- The addition of $\mathrm{HX}(\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{Cl}$ or Br$)$ to an alkene



## Hydrohalogenation

- Markovnikov's rule
- In the addition of HX to an unsymmetrical alkene, the H atom bonds to the less substituted carbon atom
$\rightarrow$ The carbon that has more H's to begin with.


## Hydrohalogenation



According to Markovnikov's rule


## Thiols

- Thiols group: organic compounds that contain a sulfhydryl group
- SH group
- Similar to alcohol (OH group)


Hydroxyl
Thiol

## Naming Thiols

- Name the parent hydrocarbon as an alkane and add the suffix -thiol.
- Number the carbon chain to give the SH group the lower number



## Naming Thiols

Thiol at C2


## 3,4-dimethyl-2-pentanethiol

## Physical properties of thiols

- Sulfur is only as electronegative as carbon
- Thus, thiol group does not have the same functionality than molecules containing oxygen (alcohol, ether, ester etc) or nitrogen (amide and amine).
- Non-polar molecule.
- Hydrogen bonding is impossible.


## Disulfide Bridge

* disulfide bridge have a vital role in stabilizing the structure of proteins. * It firmly linking together amino acids from different parts of the protein to help "lock" the protein in the place.


## Phosphate

- phosphate (ionized form)


Phosphate ion

## Phosphate

- Phosphate in biological compounds



## REFERENCES

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WY PROEFILE


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